Annual Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 March 2015

# STRATEGIC REPORT

The directors, in preparing this Strategic Report, have complied with s414C of the Companies Act 2006.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The company acts as an intermediate holding company.

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year was £204,000 (2014: loss of £4,579,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2014: £nil).

## **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

No changes to the status of the company are planned for the near future.

The company does not have any borrowings and is not subject to any entity specific commitment or covenants and has no cash flow requirements for the foreseeable future.

Consequently, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

By order of the Board

M F K ollera Director

19th June 2015

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

### DIRECTORS

The directors serving throughout the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were;

A Basu

D LBloomquist (resigned 1 December 2014)

P K Ghose

J J Kerrigan

Z N Langrana

R T Mpofu

M F K Odera

M Ramakrishnan

J P Z Schneider

### AUDITOR AND STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE TO THE AUDITOR

Each person who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each of the directors has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself
  aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, Deloitte LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

By order of the Board

19th June 2015

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF TATA CHEMICALS AFRICA HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Tata Chemicals Africa Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the Profit and Loss account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheetand the related notes 1 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015and of its profitfor the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF TATA CHEMICALS AFRICA HOLDINGS LIMITED (continued)

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Anthony FarnworthBA ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Manchester, United Kingdom

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended31 March 2015

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Exceptional operating expense	2	-	(4,579)
•			
OPERATING RESULT/(LOSS)		-	(4,579)
Income from shares in group undertakings	3	204	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY			
ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	204	(4,579)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	. 5		-
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL	10		
YEAR		204	(4,579)

All results are from continuing operations.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit or loss for the current year and preceding year. Accordingly, a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been prepared.

# BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2015

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
FIXED ASSETS	,		
Investments	6	<del></del>	
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: due within one year	7	207	3
Debtors: due after more than one year	8	440	440
NET CURRENT ASSETS		647	443
NET ASSETS		647	443
		<u> </u>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•	2016	2.046
Called-up share capital	9	3,946	3,946
Profit and loss account	10	(3,299)	(3,503)
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	10	647	443

The financial statements of Tata Chemicals Africa Holdings Limited (company registration number 02608391) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

M F K Odeja Director

19th June 2015

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended31 March 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current and the preceding year.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards.

The directors have prepared forecasts and projections for the company and assessed the recoverability of investment balances. The projections prepared show that the company has no cash flow requirements during the period for 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

Accordingly, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Group financial statements

Group financial statements have not been prepared as permitted by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as the company itself is a wholly owned subsidiary of Homefield Pvt UK Limited, a body incorporated in the United Kingdom which prepares consolidated financial statements.

#### Cash flow statement

No cash flow statement has been prepared as the financial statements for the ultimate UK parent company, Homefield Pvt UK Limited, include a consolidated cash flow statement prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements" (Revised 1996).

#### Fixed asset investments in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

#### Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its result as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which that are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is calculated at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is calculated on a non-discounted basis.

#### 2. EXCEPTIONAL OPERATING EXPENSES

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Impairment of fixed asset investments	-	4,579

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended31 March 2015

## 3, INCOME FROM SHARES IN GROUP UNDERTAKINGS

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Dividend received from subsidiary undertaking	204	

# 4. PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

There were no employees other than the directors during the current year and preceding year. No director received any remuneration for services to the company during the year (2014: £nil).

Auditor's remuneration for audit services for the year has been borne by a fellow group undertaking(2014:same). No remuneration has been paid in relation to non-audit services (2014: £nil).

# 5. TAX ON PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

There was no current or deferred tax charge for the year or prior year.

The differences between the total current tax charge and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit/(loss) before tax are as follows:

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	204	(4,579)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 21% (2014: 23%)	43	(1,053)
Effects of: (Income not taxable)/expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(43)	1,053
Current tax charge for the year	-	-

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax (2014: same).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended31 March 2015

# 6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

The company's principal subsidiary undertakings at 31 March 2015, which are wholly owned, are set out below along with their principal activities:

Tata Chemicals Magadi Limited - incorporated in the UK The manufacture and sale of soda ash and

associated products in Kenya

Tata Chemicals South Africa (Proprietary) Limited - incorporated in South Africa

Import and sale of soda ash into South Africa

Magadi Railway Company Limited\*

Non-trading

\*Shares not held directly.

Snares	m	subsidiaries	

	Chares in Substances		£'000
	Cost At 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015		4,579
	Provision for impairment		
	At 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015		4,579
	Net book value		,,,,,,,,,,
	At 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2015		
7.	DEBTORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2015 £'000	2014 £'000
	Other debtors	3	3
	Amounts due from group undertakings	204	
		207	3
8.	DEBTORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2015 £'000	2014 £'000
	Amounts due from group undertakings	440	440

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended31 March 2015

## 9. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

	At 31 March 2015	3,946	(3,299)	647
	At 1 April 2014 Profit for the financial year	3,946	(3,503) 204	443 204
		Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
10.	3,945,962 (2014: 3,945,962) ordinary shares of £1 each  RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDE	er's funds	=======================================	3,940
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid		3,946	3,946
			2015 £'000	2014 £'000
9.	CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL			

## 11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Homefield Pvt UK Limited, a company incorporated in England.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that of Homefield Pvt UK Limited. Copies of the financial statements are available from the Registrar of Companies, Crown Way, Cardiff.

The ultimate parent company in the year to 31 March 2015 was Tata Chemicals Limited, a company incorporated in India. The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that of Tata Chemicals Limited. Copies of the financial statements are available from the Company Secretary, Tata Chemicals Limited, Bombay House, Mumbai, India.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" for wholly owned subsidiaries and has not disclosed transactions within the Homefield Pvt UK Limited group.